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FAO achievements in Egypt



2017–2025

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ABBREVIATIONS

AAH	Aquatic Animal Health
AMR	Antimicrobial Resistance
AWM	Agriculture Water Management
ARC	Agricultural Research Center
ASL2050	African Sustainable Livestock 2050
BE/SHI	Biodiversity Enhancing / Soil Health Improving
CPF	Country Programming Framework
CSA	climate-smart agriculture
CSWM	climate-smart water management
DRC	Desert Research Center
EFB	Egyptian Food Bank
FFS	Farmer Field School
FBS	Farm Business School
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations
FMM	Flexible Multi-Partner Mechanism
GAP	good agricultural practices
GoE	Government of Egypt
GAC	Global Affairs Canada
GOVS	General Organization for Veterinary Services
GHSP / GHS	Global Health Security Program
GCP	Government Cooperative Programme
MFA	Ministry of Foreign Affairs (Norway)

MoALR	Ministry of Agriculture and Land Reclamation
MoWRI	Ministry of Water Resources and Irrigation
MoE	Ministry of Environment
MoSS	Ministry of Social Solidarity
MoLD	Ministry of Local Development
MoYS	Ministry of Youth and Sports
MSEs	Micro and Small Enterprises
NWP	Nutritional Water Productivity
NsAWP	Nutrition-sensitive Agricultural Water Productivity
NDLCUs	National Desert Locust Control Units
OSRO	Emergency Operations and Rehabilitation Division
PHM	Post-Harvest Management
SDGs	Sustainable Development Goals
SDS 2030	Sustainable Development Strategy: Egypt Vision 2030
SADS 2030	Sustainable Agricultural Development Strategy
TCP	Technical Cooperation Programme
LUC	Land Use Consolidation
TiLV	Tilapia Lake Virus
UNFCCC COP27	United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, Conference of Parties 27
USAID	United States Agency for International Development
WHO	World Health Organization

INTRODUCTION

Since the establishment of the FAO Country Representation Office in Egypt in 1978, the Organization has worked in partnership with national institutions to support agricultural and rural development across the country. Over the decades, FAO's cooperation with Egypt has been guided by three core principles: a strong commitment to capacity development; active mobilization of resources to complement national efforts; and an inclusive, people-centred approach to programme implementation.

In 2016, FAO Egypt published the first edition of the booklet "*FAO achievements in Egypt*," documenting all projects implemented from 1978 to 2016. Building on that foundation, this updated edition presents all Technical Cooperation Programme projects and donor-funded initiatives undertaken from 2017 through the end of 2025.

TCPs are short-term, and demand-driven projects funded by FAO's Regular Programme. These continue to play a crucial role in providing rapid and targeted technical assistance to address specific challenges in agriculture, fisheries, forestry, food security, nutrition, policy development, and emergency response. These projects often serve as catalysts for larger investments and contribute directly to strengthening national capacities.

Donor-funded projects further advance FAO's mission to enhance

food security, reduce rural poverty, and promote the sustainable management of natural resources. They align with the FAO Strategic Framework – anchored in the “four betters” – and support Egypt’s progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals.

Throughout this period, FAO has supported Egypt through policy advice, strategic planning, capacity building, and the design and appraisal of investment projects. Its interventions have addressed a wide range of technical areas, including animal health within a One Health approach, pandemic risk management, pest and locust control, digital agriculture, climate-smart production systems, water productivity, youth empowerment, agribusiness development, environmental conservation, and improving the livelihoods of marginalized groups, including persons with disabilities.

FAO has also supported the Ministry of Agriculture and Land Reclamation (MALR) in updating the Sustainable Agriculture Development Strategy, developing the Date Palm Development Strategy, and advancing efforts for a food systems monitoring framework.


This booklet captures these efforts, offering a comprehensive overview of FAO’s contributions to Egypt’s agricultural development and food security over the past decades.



FAO
Egypt's
field
programme

FAO Egypt's field programme

TCP projects

Project code	TCP/EGY/3605
Project title	Investment forum and capacity building for the promotion of agricultural investment in Egypt
EOD-NTE	01-Apr-2017 to 31-Dec-2019
Budget	USD 419 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	Ministry of Agriculture and Land Reclamation (MALR)
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1



Objectives

The project aimed to enhance the enabling environment for investment by (i) fostering private sector participation in Egypt's agriculture, (ii) strengthening public-private policy dialogue, and (iii) improving the coordination among agricultural development stakeholders.

Achievements

A successful High-Level Agriculture Investment Forum was held with over 250 participants, promoting strategic investment and public-private dialogue. During the event, a joint declaration was signed between the Ministry of Investment and International Cooperation (MIIC), FAO, the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD), and the World Bank (WB), committing to joint efforts to advance sustainable agricultural investment. FAO also signed a Memorandum of Understanding with Nibulon, a Ukrainian company specializing in grain production,

storage, transportation, and export, to support collaboration in these areas. In addition, three value chain analytics studies were conducted to identify performance gaps and bottlenecks in commodities with high potential for expansion in Egypt. Finally, a RurallInvest user community and a prospective national training network were established at Alexandria University to strengthen investment planning capacities.

Project code	TCP/EGY/3604
Project title	Support sustainable water management and irrigation modernization for newly reclaimed areas
EOD-NTE	01-Feb-2018 to 31-Dec-2019
Budget	USD 400 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	Ministry of Water Resources and Irrigation (MWRI), MALR
Related SDGs	 
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

An automated water consumption monitoring and water accounting system set up and tested at selected pilot areas of the newly reclaimed areas for use by MWRI and MALR.

Achievements






The project successfully met its objectives by establishing and testing an automated water consumption monitoring and accounting system in two pilot areas – Siwa and Farafra Oases – for use by the MWRI and MALR. It installed drip and subsurface irrigation systems in both sites and developed a land development monitoring tool using remote sensing and GIS, along with standardized processes for field data collection and analysis. Ministry staff received training on these tools, which were applied effectively at the pilot level. Additionally, the project provided agricultural

extension services through farmer field schools for over 50 farmers, organized farmer-to-farmer visits, and facilitated technology transfer via study tours to Australia and Italy. All developed tools proved successful and are ready for scaling up at the national level.



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Pumping groundwater into drip irrigation in Siwa.


Project code	TCP/EGY/3702
Project title	Support to the agriculture census in Egypt (2019–2020)
EOD-NTE	31-Jan-2019 to 30-Apr-2020
Budget	USD 50 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	    
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

Ensure up-to-date data on the agricultural sector, which is a priority for the Government of Egypt (GoE) in terms of increasing the productivity of smallholder agriculture and the sustainable management of natural resources.

Achievements

Census of agriculture 2019–2020 conducted in line with international standards and FAO census guidelines World Programme for the Census of Agriculture (WCA 2020).

Project code	TCP/EGY/3701
Project title	Updating the sustainable agricultural development strategy 2030 and preparing a medium-term plan of action
EOD-NTE	01-Feb-2019 to 30-Jun-2021
Budget	USD 350 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives


To update and consolidate the Sustainable Agricultural Development Strategy (SADS) 2030 and to develop a “Medium-term Plan of Action” for Egypt, leading to the endorsement of the documents by the Government and their subsequent implementation.

Achievements

The updated Sustainable Agricultural Development Strategy (SADS) 2030 and its Plan of Action were successfully completed and approved in full partnership with MALR, ensuring strong national ownership and leadership. The process involved extensive consultations, regular technical working group meetings, and coordination with UN agencies, international organizations, and senior MALR officials, including the Minister. The updated strategy, its Plan of Action, and the monitoring and evaluation framework were delivered on time, with the strategy adopted in December 2019 and the Plan of Action in October 2020. Proposed programmes and projects within the Plan of Action incorporated environmental and social considerations, reinforcing the commitment to sustainable agricultural development.



Updated sustainable agriculture development strategy


Project code	TCP/EGY/3703
Project title	Formulation support for small-scale dairy farming development in the Arab Republic of Egypt
EOD-NTE	14-Apr-2019 to 31-Aug-2020
Budget	USD 10 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	0
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

Strengthen field programme planning and development processes by hiring technical experts to formulate one TCP on the development of small-scale dairy farming, which is in the pipeline as per the CPF.

Achievements

A strategy for developing the small-scale dairy farming sub-sector through improvements in the dairy value chain has been formulated and is now in place.

Project code	TCP/EGY/3704/C3
Project title	Strengthening national capacities to prevent the spread of fall armyworm (FAW) in Egypt
EOD-NTE	23-Apr-2019 to 31-Dec-2019
Budget	USD 35 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	0
Nutrition marker	0

Objectives

Improve the preparedness of the Government of Egypt to deal with the increasing risk of FAW introduction and spread through setting up an effective monitoring and early warning system and awareness raising on monitoring and surveillance techniques and best management options.



Achievements

The project strengthened Egypt's preparedness to address the growing risk of the

FAW introduction and spread by establishing an effective monitoring and early warning system. It also enhanced awareness of surveillance techniques and best management practices among stakeholders. These efforts will improve data collection on pest outbreaks, support accurate prediction, and strengthen decision-making capacity, ultimately reducing the overall impact of FAW.



fall armyworm

Project code	TCP/EGY/3705
Project title	Enhancing biosecurity governance to support sustainable aquaculture production in Egypt
EOD-NTE	15-Jun-2019 to 31-Dec-2021
Budget	USD 500 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	 
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1





Supporting sustainable aquaculture

Objectives

Support Egypt in the sustainable development of aquaculture, through a National Strategy on Aquatic Animal Health (NSAAH) developed within the Progressive Management Pathway to improve aquaculture biosecurity.

Achievements

Through national consultations and stakeholder dialogue, Egypt developed and validated the NSAAH 2022-2028, aimed at increasing fish production through strong biosecurity governance for a sustainable aquaculture sector. The project assessed and equipped key laboratories to strengthen technical capacity for managing aquatic diseases and integrated biosecurity principles into regulations and farm operations. Governance capacities were enhanced at political, technical, and farm levels, supported by awareness campaigns and Arabic communication materials. Additionally, technical training on farm-level biosecurity, emergency preparedness, and disease response was provided to promote responsible aquaculture and reduce risks, ensuring a resilient and sustainable aquaculture environment.

Project code	TCP/EGY/3707
Project title	Developing capacity and innovative solutions for solar-powered irrigation in Egypt
EOD-NTE	07-Nov-2019 to 07-Jul-2021
Budget	USD 350 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MWRI, MALR
Related SDGs	 
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	0



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Solar powered irrigation system in Beheira Governorate

Objectives

Farmers' livelihoods improved by reducing their vulnerability to energy supply challenges through the provision of a cost-effective and reliable energy source, thereby maintaining high agricultural productivity and ensuring the sustainable use of water resources.

Achievements

Solar-power irrigation enhanced in Egypt through strengthened capacity of professionals of relative ministries/authorities to plan, design, and implement innovative solutions for solar-powered irrigation, and empowered water users' associations (WUAs) and farmer groups to operate and maintain these innovative solutions.

Project code	TCP/EGY/3706
Project title	Emergency response to enhance the national capacity of Egypt for early warning, monitoring and management of fall armyworm
EOD-NTE	01-Jan-2020 to 31-Dec-2021
Budget	USD 350 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	 
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1




Monitoring the fall armyworm in maize crops

Objectives

Minimize the impact of the FAW infestation and strengthen the FAW monitoring and integrated management capacities of all stakeholders.

Achievements

The project achieved significant progress in FAW control through awareness, capacity building, and technical interventions. Two inception workshops were held to define roles, followed by training for 905 participants across infested and non-infested governorates and the distribution of 25 000 awareness materials. Farmer Field Schools were established in three locations, complemented by a Training of Facilitators session in Minya, enabling farmers to apply and evaluate IPM practices independently. The project supported MALR in creating a national FAW network and monitoring system, collecting and validating data via the FAMEWS app from 26 surveyors in 17 governorates and uploading it to plants in villages. Biological control efforts included upgrading infrastructure for mass production of natural enemies at research facilities in Giza and Sohag and initiating propagation of the parasitoid *Telenomus remus* for field release.

Project code	TCP/EGY/3801
Project title	Awareness campaign on COVID-19 pandemic in relation to food & agriculture
EOD-NTE	18-May-2020 to 31-Mar-2021
Budget	USD 32 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

Awareness increased on how to cope with the COVID-19 crises by protecting rural communities from the disease and by ensuring safe food production and handling.

Achievements

Tailored key messages were developed and disseminated to rural target groups – including women, children, youth, the elderly, and farmers – on how to protect themselves from COVID-19 pandemic while fulfilling their essential role in growing, producing, and handling agricultural products. These messages were communicated through a TV jingle (also adapted for radio), four awareness spots aired on the Agricultural TV Channel, and a booklet promoting healthy nutrition for children.


Project code	TCP/EGY/3803
Project title	A mobile application for food safety in the time of COVID-19 pandemic
EOD-NTE	18-May-2020 to 30-Sep-2021
Budget	USD 32 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	0
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

To address the health concerns of COVID-19 pandemic in agricultural production, FAO Egypt will developed a mobile application on the theme of food safety in agriculture. This mobile application provides farmers and all the players of the entire value chain with the required information on food safety from farm to fork to keep themselves and their families, farm workers, buyers/sellers and the purchasing public safe.

Achievements

Increased awareness level of farmers, dealers, and rural women on food safety practices within agrifood systems in response to the COVID-19 pandemic are informed by reliable evidence obtained by analytics of digital applications.

Project code	TCP/EGY/3802
Project title	Assessing the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on the food systems and food security in Egypt
EOD-NTE	20-May-2020 to 31-May-2021
Budget	USD 46 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

The project aimed to (1) gather information on the impact of COVID-19 pandemic and related mitigation measures on food systems, (2) develop effective policy responses to reduce negative effects on food supply, distribution, and consumption across the agricultural, livestock, and fisheries sectors, and (3) minimize adverse economic impacts on vulnerable rural populations.

Achievements

Responses to the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on agrifood systems were guided by reliable evidence generated through the timely collection, analysis, and dissemination of information.

Project code	TCP/EGY/3804
Project title	Building capacity of MOSS support beneficiaries in the targeted Governorates through stimulating agriculture and the agro-food value chain
EOD-NTE	01-Apr-2021 to 31-Dec-2023
Budget	USD 208 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	Ministry of Social Solidarity (MOSS)
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1



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Training of beneficiaries on management of small projects

Objectives

Enhance the capacities of families receiving the financial support in income-generation activities through addressing/ stimulating livestock, horticulture, and the agrifood value chain.

Achievements

A business model for a micro agro-productive unit was successfully introduced under the MOSS-led FORSA programme, leading to the establishment of a social enterprise for feed mixing and distribution. In addition, five business models for micro-productive units – focused on value addition in agribusiness, food processing, livestock or poultry rearing, and packing – were identified and developed. A dedicated feed mixing unit was also established. Furthermore, the technical capacities of 100 MOSS-supported smallholder farmers were strengthened, enabling them to establish and manage their own businesses.


Project code	TCP/EGY/3708
Project title	Supporting the design of on-farm irrigation modernization plan in Egypt
EOD-NTE	15-Apr-2021 to 31-Dec-2021
Budget	USD 100 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	0
Nutrition marker	0

Objectives

Strengthen the capacity of the national authorities in the design of on-farm irrigation modernization plan in Egypt.

Achievements

Water saving and improved water use efficiency were promoted through the development of a comprehensive plan for designing and adopting modern on-farm irrigation systems.


Project code	TCP/EGY/3709
Project title	Promoting agriculture commodity-based investment in Egypt
EOD-NTE	10-May-2021 to 31-Dec-2021
Budget	USD 115 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	0
Nutrition marker	0

Objectives

Promote investment in food and agriculture for improved agriculture productivity and income generation.

Achievements

Advocacy and awareness for the investment plan under the Sustainable Agricultural Development Strategy (SADS) were actively promoted. Three high-potential commodities for export and investment – dates, horticultural products, and cotton – were identified. Additionally, the project strengthened the capacity of MALR senior officials and field veterinarians in managing animal diseases.



Project code	TCP/EGY/3710
Project title	Support the formulation of innovative solutions for climate change adaptation within the framework of Hayat Karima (decent life) initiative.
EOD-NTE	23-May-2021 to 31-Dec-2021
Budget	USD 75 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR, Ministry of Environment (MoE)
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

The project aimed to support the formulation of innovative solutions for climate change adaptation within the framework of Hayat Karima (decent life) initiative. The Technical Cooperation Programme facility (TCPF) contributed to the national adaptation plans as well as Nationally Determined Contributions, mainly on innovative solutions to adapt with the climate change, including technical, social and institutional innovation in agriculture subsectors; and on the resilience of local communities to water scarcity.

Achievements

The project contributed to the enhancement of livelihoods resilience to climate change and agricultural sector through provision of innovative solutions in Egypt.



Project code	TCP/EGY/3711
Project title	Application of rural development innovative solutions in Beheira Governorate (Wadi El Natroun)
EOD-NTE	20-Jun-2021 to 31-Dec-2021
Budget	USD 60 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR, MWRI
Related SDGs	 
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	0

Objectives

Enhance rural development and improve livelihood of small communities through the implementation of innovative smart irrigation techniques.

Achievements

Crop water productivity was enhanced by introducing a soil moisture sensor-based smart irrigation system, piloted in Beheira Governorate. The project also built the capacity of technical staff and farmers on the benefits and practical application of smart irrigation technologies, promoting efficient water use to address increasing demand amid limited water resources.

Project code	TCP/EGY/3807
Project title	Propagation and promotion of local seeds and hybrids in Egypt
EOD-NTE	01-Sep-2021 to 31-Dec-2023
Budget	USD 200 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	Agriculture Research Center (ARC), MALR
Related SDGs	 
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1



Training of experts on increasing the productivity of hybrid seeds

Objectives

Increase productivity and income of farmers engaged in vegetable crops production in selected governorates.

Achievements

The project contributed to reducing poverty and enhancing food security in Egypt by selecting newly registered vegetable varieties and supporting MALR/ARC in propagating hybrid and variety seeds, providing the necessary technical assistance to pilot their propagation and promotion for future scale-up. Support was also extended to 150 expert stakeholders – including agricultural leaders, greenhouse owners, and private-sector actors – to promote the production and adoption of the new seeds and hybrids introduced through the project.

Project code	TCP/EGY/3805
Project title	Improving productivity and reducing poverty of small-scale milk and dairy producers in rural villages in Beheira and Minya
EOD-NTE	01-Nov-2021 to 31-Dec-2023
Budget	USD 200 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	    
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1











Learning how to increase dairy productivity

Objectives

This project aimed to increase the productivity of dairy cattle in some villages with excellent milk production in the governorates of Beheira and Minya. The project aimed to strengthen the dairy production chain supporting smallholder farmers through the collaborative efforts of dairy value chain actors such as non-governmental organizations (NGOs), MALR directorates, Universities, General Organization For Veterinary Services (GOVS) and ARC institutions.

Achievements

The project aimed to strengthen the dairy production chain while supporting smallholder farmers to increase their raw milk and dairy productivity in rural villages in the governorates of Beheira and Minya. It focused on four key outputs to strengthen the capacities of value chain stakeholders on dairy value chain management, those of smallholder milk and dairy producers on health and productivity of cattle, and those of Milk Collection Centres (MCCs) and private service providers on value chain performance. The project hence successfully strengthened the capacities of 320 local beneficiaries and resulted in an increase of the milk production capacities of 200 milk and dairy smallholder producers from Beheira and Minya Governorates to an average of 16 kg of milk per day per animal. This increased productivity boosted their income by at least 20 percent and particularly benefited women, thanks to their equitable integration into the project's activities. Through the capacity building activities conducted, beneficiaries are also able to apply value-adding techniques through improved processing of traditional dairy products.


Project code	TCP/RAB/3806
Project title	Support for agrifood sectors in the Near East and North Africa to engage in UNFCCC COP27
EOD-NTE	01-Mar-2022 to 31-Dec-2023
Budget	USD 350 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR, MoE
Related SDGs	       
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

This regional TCP aimed at supporting regional member states to enhance capacities and facilitate increased engagement with COP processes emphasizing the significant role of agricultural practices in reducing CO₂ emission as well as enhancing adaptation measures to address impact of climate change on agricultural sectors.

Achievements

Agrifood sectors – including crops, fisheries, and livestock – were supported to strengthen their adaptation and mitigation capacities in response to climate change, reinforce regional climate action, advance SDG 13, and contribute to SDGs 2, 6, 7, 12, 14, and 15. Additionally, national and regional climate change priorities in the agriculture and food sectors were significantly strengthened through targeted interventions and capacity development efforts.







Project code	TCP/EGY/3808
Project title	Climate change priorities in agriculture and food sector at the national and local levels strengthened
EOD-NTE	01-Jun-2022 to 31-Dec-2023
Budget	USD 100 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR, MWRI, MoE
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	0
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

This TCP was based on FAO Egypt’s Country Programming Framework (CPF), and on the official requests by both ministers of Agriculture and Land Reclamation and the Ministry of Environment, to FAO to support Egypt in hosting COP27.

Achievements

Climate change priorities in agriculture and the food sector at the national and local levels were strengthened. Youth’s engagement in climate change issues was supported and resulted in policy recommendations by youth to the Conference of Youth and eventually to COP27.

Project code	TCP/EGY/3809
Project title	Support production of cocoon/silk yarn in the New Valley Governorate (Elkharga & Eldakhla) to promote youth and women economic empowerment
EOD-NTE	01-Jun-2022 to 31-Dec-2023
Budget	USD 100 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR, Governorate of New Valley
Related SDGs	     
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1



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Women learning how to produce silk yarn


Objectives

Contribute to the economic empowerment of youth and women through development of the sericulture in new reclaimed and desert areas; and increase the quality and quantity of silk production which could contribute to stability of the carpet industry.

Achievements

Created jobs and generated income for vulnerable groups including women and youth through capacity building in silk production sector in reclaimed and desert areas.

Thirty-three new micro-enterprises were launched, creating 99 job opportunities, alongside the registration of two formal start-ups: AlMotahedoun for Silk Production and Made in New Valley (MINV), a digital marketing enterprise for silk products that generated four direct jobs. A total of ninety-eight individuals (32 youth and 66 women) received comprehensive training in the full silk production cycle, including mulberry planting, sericulture, and silk spinning. Of these, thirty-three beneficiaries (11 youth and 22 women) successfully established their own silk production units with support in business development, technical guidance, and equipment provision. Notably, the AlMotahedoun start-up was founded by two interfaith families – Muslim and Christian – reflecting the project’s commitment to gender equality, family farming, inclusive citizenship, and religious diversity.






Project code	TCP/EGY/3901
Project title	Formulation of a full-fledged project for AF – “innovations in irrigation, agriculture, and livelihood activities”
EOD-NTE	01-Nov-2022 to 31-Oct-2025
Budget	USD 90 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MWRI, MALR, MoE
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

Resilience of livelihoods to climate change strengthened through innovative approaches adopted across the agricultural value chain in Egypt.

Achievements

This TCP Facility project contributed to enhanced capacities of relevant national authorities and supported them in the formulation of a full-fledged project proposal, in compliance with AF quality standards and in line with national strategies. The project proposal responds to the objectives and criteria set under the “Innovation” pillar of the AF medium-term strategy, presenting highly functional and pioneering solutions aimed at introducing a suite of cross-sectoral innovations across the agricultural value chain. These innovations include: Irrigation management at both farm and system levels, focusing on improving water distribution systems, strengthening water monitoring, and enhancing on-farm irrigation practices; on-farm production and market innovations, addressing crop and livestock activities, post-harvest processes, and marketing to improve productivity and market linkage efficiency; and national-level water management, including the establishment of an innovation management platform and the scaling-up of project results to support broader sectoral transformation.

Project code	TCP/EGY/3903
Project title	Promotion of sustainable livelihoods and territorial development in South Sinai, Egypt
EOD-NTE	06-Apr-2023 to 05-May-2025
Budget	USD 250 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	Desert Research Center (DRC), MALR
Related SDGs	      
Gender marker	2
Nutrition marker	1






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Chicken rearing as a micro project for women

Objectives

The overall objective of this project was to involve local communities in Sinai with an emphasis on women and young people in the sustainable development of their territories and creating more sustainable and decent livelihoods in agrifood value chains.

Three community development plans – one for each targeted village – were developed in the agriculture sector, complemented by the implementation of sixty-nine Farmer Field Schools (FFSs). Through these FFSs, 507 beneficiaries received agricultural equipment, materials, and inputs, and several contracts were facilitated between producers and buyers to support the marketing of high-quality products. The adoption of climate-smart agriculture (CSA) practices led to substantial productivity gains, with wheat yields increasing by 40.95 percent, barley by 49.6 percent, fava beans by 40.94 percent, date palm by 50 percent, and olive by 55 percent, resulting in higher net profits of 37.7 percent for wheat, 51.6 percent for barley, and 46.08 percent for fava beans compared to conventional practices. In the livestock and poultry components of the FFSs, CSA techniques also generated strong results: revenue from rabbit sales rose by 233 percent, goat fattening improved by 75 percent, goat milk production increased by 87.5 percent, profit margins for chickens reached 20-30 percent, and monthly profits from layer chickens grew by 187.5 percent.

Project code	TCP/EGY/3902
Project title	Support for the establishment of model guide fields in sugarcane growing areas in Upper Egypt
EOD-NTE	31-Jul-2023 to 31-Dec-2025
Budget	USD 350 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	  
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1



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Demonstration of a sugarcane Bud Cutter Machine.

Objectives

Contribute to increasing agricultural productivity and managing natural resources (specifically water, land & fertilizers) through enhancing the technical capacity of Sugarcane smallholder producers in upper Egypt.

Achievements

Strategies, plans and programmes for agricultural extension and veterinary services of government agencies, Civil Society Organizations (CSOs), private sector companies and banks for sustainable agriculture were developed further.


Project code	TCP/EGY/3904
Project title	Support the development of food security and natural resources management trust-funded projects
EOD-NTE	22-Jan-2023 to 31-Dec-2024
Budget	USD 69 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	   
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

Contribute to the transformation of agrifood sectors to allow sustainable improvement in rural incomes and food security in Egypt.

Achievements

Trust fund projects on “Promoting climate-smart agriculture and agricultural biodiversity for enhancing the adaptive capacity of vulnerable rural communities in old and new lands of Upper and Lower Egypt” and “Modernization of irrigation techniques to improve the livelihoods of smallholder farmers in Upper Egypt” implemented according to the designs and Workplans prepared based on the outputs of this TCPF.

Project code	TCP/EGY/3905
Project title	Empowering youth for agrifood systems transformation
EOD-NTE	01-Jan-2024 to 31-Dec-2025
Budget	USD 95 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	Ministry of Youth and Sports (MOYS), Academy of Scientific Research and Technology (ASRT)
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	2
Nutrition marker	2

Objectives

Youth empowered to transform the food system through sustainable and innovative agriculture.

Achievements

Three Green Agricultural Clubs were established across three Youth Centres,

helping strengthen youth capacities in food and agriculture. Through these clubs, young beneficiaries gained the knowledge and skills needed to develop their own agribusiness initiatives and successfully launched enterprises under the Agri-Business League.



One of the youth groups developing an agribusiness idea in the agribusiness training in Farafra

Project code	TCP/EGY/3907
Project title	Support the food secure village in Farafra Oasis, Egypt
EOD-NTE	01-Jan-2024 to 31-Dec-2025
Budget	USD 146 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MOSS
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	2





Participants of the agribusiness training in Farafra

Objectives

The main objective of the project was to alleviate hunger and reduce its implications in terms of suffering and distress on the most vulnerable and deprived.

Achievements

Improved livelihoods and social protection awareness for farmers, including youth, and women in Farafra.

Project code	TCP/EGY/3906
Project title	Support the capacity building, dissemination and launch of the mobile application “your opportunity in your village” in support of rural agri-business development in Egypt
EOD-NTE	01-Sep-2024 to 28-Feb-2025
Budget	USD 24 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	Ministry of Local Development (MOLD)
Related SDGs	 
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

The main objective of this project was to contribute to the enhancement of the livelihood conditions of youth and rural women in Egypt.

Achievements

The mobile application that includes all the services that community members can access showing them how to access these was developed. For national security reasons, the mobile application was not cleared and the project was discontinued.

Project code	TCP/EGY/4001
Project title	Emergency response to the desert locust outbreak in Egypt
EOD-NTE	15-Jul-2024 to 31-Dec-2025
Budget	USD 500 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	 
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1



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Workshop on control measures of desert locusts.

Objectives

To secure livelihoods and food security for Rural communities in Egypt, to stop the potential harm on crops that can be caused by locusts and eventually affect food security.

Achievements

Reduced damage on crops and pastures by desert locusts through strengthened locust surveillance and control measures.

Project code	TCP/EGY/4002
Project title	TCPf: Technical support to build skilled professionals for the Egyptian date palm sector
EOD-NTE	01-Nov-2024 to 31-Oct-2026
Budget	USD 100 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	2
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

The primary impact of this TCPf is to contribute to achieving SDG 1 (No Poverty) and SDG 2 (Zero Hunger) by enhancing the capacity of national and sub-national value chain actors within selected agrifood systems through the development of effective public-private partnerships.

Expected Outcome

The project aims to significantly enhance the production, quality, and marketability of date palm in Egypt by disseminating knowledge on best practices and modern technologies for date palm cultivation, thereby improving efficiency across the sector. It also focuses on strengthening the capacities of professionals working throughout the Egyptian date palm value chain to ensure sustainable growth and competitiveness.

Project code	TCP/EGY/4003
Project title	Support the adoption of FFS approach in the agricultural extension services in Egypt
EOD-NTE	01-Dec-2024 to 30-Nov-2026
Budget	USD 350 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

To enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of Egypt's agricultural extension services by promoting and supporting the widespread adoption of the Farmer Field School (FFS) approach through:

- Building the capacity of MALR extension officers in training of facilitators and running FFS.

- Qualifying a new generation of FFS facilitators at the village level of the chosen governorates.
- Establishing a network of FFS facilitators and trainers across Egypt, capable of replicating the FFS approach within their respective regions.



Expected outcome

The capacity of concerned institutions strengthened to develop policies for the promotion of agricultural climate change adaptation and mitigation, irrigation modernization and on-farm biodiversity enhancement.



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Farmer Field School session on wheat harvesting

Project code	TCP/EGY/4004
Project title	Support the launch and globalization of the flowers fair in Egypt
EOD-NTE	05-Mar-2025 to 30-Jun-2025
Budget	USD 100 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	 
Gender marker	0
Nutrition marker	1



Inauguration of flowers fair at the agricultural museum of Egypt






Objectives

Contribute to achieving the SDG 1 and SDG 2: Enhanced capacity of national and sub-national value chain actors within selected agrifood systems through the development of effective public-private partnerships.

Achievements

Significant increase in the production, quality, and marketability of flower in Egypt through:

1. An international level of quality in the organization of the Flower Fair with a visual identity, visibility and logistical arrangements that stand out.
2. A high-level flower fair with regional and international visitors.

Project code	TCP/EGY/4005
Project title	Master plan for agriculture and rural development in South Sinai Governorate
EOD-NTE	05-Apr-2025 to 31-Dec-2026
Budget	USD 120 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	DRC, MALR
Related SDGs	    
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

To formulate a comprehensive agricultural and food security development master plan for South Sinai Governorate. Ultimately, the master plan will contain a set of proposed development projects and interventions that will be presented to local and international donors for funding.

Expected outcomes

The project contributes to achieving SDG 1, SDG 2, and the national development goal on sustainable food and agriculture by supporting the sustainable development of a stable and competitive agriculture sector that enhances food security, drives economic growth, and promotes the responsible use of natural resources. As part of its expected achievements, a comprehensive master plan for South Sinai is to be developed, including a planning and monitoring tool and a roadmap for establishing a diversified and integrated agricultural production system to guide the governorate's sustainable development.

Project code	TCP/EGY/4006
Project title	Strategic framework for the development of the olive value chain in Egypt
EOD-NTE	05-Apr-2025 to 31-Dec-2026
Budget	USD 120 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	ARC and DRC, MALR
Related SDGs	   
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	2



Olive seedling

Objectives

To analyze the olive sector value chain from producer to consumer, to identify challenges and opportunities for sustainable and efficient olive production, marketing, processing, and trade.

Expected outcomes

A competitive and sustainable olive industry asserting itself as a viable choice for economic diversification, generating decent employment and contributing to inclusive and equitable livelihoods and food and nutrition security. Hence, Improved olive productivity levels contributing to the country's domestic requirements.

Project code	TCP/EGY/3908
Project title	Support to Egypt-Africa south-south cooperation
EOD-NTE	05-Nov-2025 to 31-Dec-2025
Budget	USD 70 000
Donor	FAO
Government counterpart	ARC and DRC, MALR
Related SDGs	  
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1



Objectives

Contribute to the enhancement of exchange and transfer of knowledge between Egypt and the African countries included in the programme of activities, as well as contribute to achieving SDG 1, SDG 2, and SDG 17; enhance the livelihood of local populations, promoting sustainable agriculture, and enhancing South-South cooperation.

Expected outcomes

Strengthened cooperation between Egypt and Djibouti, Tanzania and Rwanda in the agricultural and agribusiness fields, leading to further cooperation activities and potential partnerships both in the public and private sectors between Egypt and these countries.








Inauguration of the South-South Cooperation at FAO premises



Donor- funded projects

Donor-funded projects

Project code	OSRO/GLO/602/USA
Project title	African sustainable livestock 2050 (ASL 2050)
EOD-NTE	01-Oct-2015 to 30-Sep-2024
Budget	USD 6 969 999
Donor	USAID
Government counterpart	Central Agency for Public Mobilization and Statistics (CAPMAS), Agricultural Economics Research Institute (AERI), Soil, Water and Environment Research Institute (SWERI)
Related SDGs	     
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1


Objectives

The African Sustainable Livestock 2050 (ASL 2050) project aimed at gaining a better understanding on how the livestock sector will look in the future; assessing what will be its potential environmental, social, economic, animal health, public health implications; and identifying what policy instruments could be used to enhance positive externalities and mitigate negative outcomes, in particular the unintended impacts on the risk level of zoonotic infections and antimicrobial resistance.

Achievements

Governments identified high risk areas for pathogen spillovers and collaborated with poultry farmers and slaughterers through co creation processes to improve compliance with biosecurity regulations. Veterinary services shifted from enforcing rules to supporting farmers with technical and business guidance. This collaboration led farmers and slaughterers to adopt improved biosecurity practices, reducing disease risks. Sustained public private engagement strengthened the implementation of One Health policies and encouraged private sector investments aligned with biosecurity laws in Egypt, Kenya, and Uganda. Overall, the initiative created scalable mechanisms that promoted widespread adoption of biosecurity practices across the livestock value chain.



Project code	GCP /RNE/004/ITA
Project title	Food losses and waste reduction and value chain development for food security in Egypt and Tunisia
EOD-NTE	01-Oct-2015 to 31-Jul-2019
Budget	USD 2 300 000
Donor	Italy
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1



Growing tomatoes by adopting good agricultural practices (GAP)

Objectives



The purpose of the project in Egypt is that Food losses and Waste (FLW) is reduced throughout the grapes and tomatoes value chains (focusing on the post-harvest, trader and processing stages of such food chains), and such food value chains are better organized, have a reduced environmental footprint, are more inclusive of smallholders, better able to generate added value, providing increased opportunities for rural off-farm and/or agro-industry employment.

Achievements

The initiative achieved a 15 percent reduction in food loss and waste at the post harvest, trade, and processing stages of the grapes and tomatoes value chains, while supporting 6 572 smallholders in gaining increased and new market access and reducing their environmental footprint. It also generated employment by creating 25 new jobs at the sun dried tomato unit and 10 at the raisin processing unit. In addition, seven improved practices and technologies were adopted, including the use of plastic crates, enhanced truck loading methods, the sun dried tomato unit, the solar dryer, improved food waste management practices, and better post harvest practices for grapes and tomatoes. The project further strengthened local value addition capacity through the successful establishment of the sun dried tomato unit and the solar drying unit for horticultural crops.



How to differentiate the good planted grapes

Project code	UTF /EGY/025/EGY
Project title	Technical audit of farm-level irrigation modernization project (FIMP) in Egypt
EOD-NTE	01-Jan-2017 to 31-Mar-2018
Budget	USD 299 926
Donor	World Bank Egypt
Government counterpart	MALR, MWRI
Related SDGs	 
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

The objective of FIMP is to increase agricultural productivity and improve access to higher quality water on up to 200 000 feddans (80 000 ha) in the command areas of Mahmoudia in Beheira governorate, and Manaifa and Meet Yazid main canals in Kafr-el-Sheikh Governorate in the Nile Delta.

Achievements

The project strengthened Egypt's agricultural water management by equipping stakeholders with tools and recommendations to improve water-use efficiency, reduce losses, and ensure equitable access. It enhanced the capacities of policy-makers, technical staff, and contractors, and offered guidance on technical designs, construction quality, and system functionality. The project's recommendations will play a crucial role in shaping sustainable future Agriculture Water Management (AWM) investments by the Government of Egypt.

Project code	GCP /EGY/026/EC
Project title	Water harvesting and good agriculture practices for improved livelihood and increased and sustained production in Matrouh rain-fed agricultural areas
EOD-NTE	15-Mar-2017 to 29-Feb-2020
Budget	USD 989 133
Donor	European Union
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	 
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1



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Growing olives by adopting improved farming and water management techniques

Objectives

Rural livelihoods in Northern Matrouh improved through increased and sustained agricultural production made possible by better water availability and the adoption of good agricultural and water management practices.

Achievements

The project improved water access, boosted crop yields through climate-smart farming, and strengthened livelihoods – especially for vulnerable women – by supporting livestock rearing, dairy processing, and home gardening, which also enhanced household nutrition.

Project code	GCP /EGY/027/EC
Project title	Good agriculture practices (GAPs) for sustainable improvement of quality and quantity of horticultural production of small-scale farmers in Fayoum
EOD-NTE	15-Mar-2017 to 29-Feb-2020
Budget	USD 747 050
Donor	European Union
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives




The project aimed to improve the living conditions of small-scale horticulture farmers in five villages in Fayoum by increasing the quality, quantity, and competitiveness of their production. This was achieved by promoting the adoption of GAPs, with a strong focus on reducing pesticide use while maintaining high crop productivity.



Green house to grow cucumbers

Achievements

The project strengthened five Community Development Associations (CDAs) and expanded Small Farmers' Associations to 1 400 members – 41 percent women – improving farmers' access to markets, services, and information. Through training and field demonstrations, farmers adopted better agricultural, water, and natural resource management practices, supported by soil analysis and integrated pest management that reduced agrochemical use. The project also surpassed its targets by establishing greenhouses and walk-in tunnels, enabling farmers to double or triple horticultural productivity and income while creating both permanent and seasonal jobs. Awareness activities promoted crop diversification and market linkages, and a GAP manual in Arabic was produced to support continued learning.



Project code	GCP /EGY/031/GEF
Project title	Sustainable management of Kharga Oasis agro-ecosystems in the Egyptian western desert
EOD-NTE	01-Apr-2018 to 29-Feb-2020
Budget	USD 50 000
Donor	Global Environment Facility (GEF) through FAO
Government counterpart	DRC, MALR
Related SDGs	     
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

The project aimed at ensuring sustainable food production systems that help maintain and progressively improve land and soil quality and agro-biodiversity in oasis agro-ecosystems of the Egyptian Western Desert.

Achievements

The project achieved several key outcomes. The project strengthened governorate-level capacities for sustainable land, water, and agro biodiversity management, establishing key facilities such as a Biological Control Lab and producing the Kharga Oasis Crop Wild Relatives Atlas. It demonstrated effective sustainable land and water management practices through two pilot sites and 105 FFSs, while documenting lessons for wider replication. The project also enhanced local livelihoods by restoring tomato cultivation, supporting mechanization, creating six startups with 44 jobs, launching 30 micro projects for women and youth, and establishing a silkworm rearing center, all contributing to improved food production and community well being.


Project code	GCP /RAF/510/MUL
Project title	Enhancing capacity/risk reduction of emerging Tilapia Lake Virus (TiLV) to African tilapia aquaculture
EOD-NTE	23-Apr-2018 to 30-Jun-2023
Budget	USD 779 450
Donor	African Solidarity Fund
Government counterpart	NA
Related SDGs	 
Gender marker	2
Nutrition marker	2

Objectives

The project strengthened aquaculture biosecurity governance and enhanced national capacities in Tilapia Lake Virus (TiLV) pathology, diagnostics, surveillance, emergency preparedness, contingency planning, and farm-level biosecurity through the development of a TiLV National Action Plan. It also facilitated knowledge exchange and established networking mechanisms among participating countries and experts to support improved aquaculture biosecurity and aquatic animal health management.

Achievements

The project strengthened the capacities of national institutions and key stakeholders at local, national, and regional levels, enabling more effective aquaculture biosecurity governance through well designed TiLV NAPs that include risk analysis, surveillance, emergency preparedness, and communication measures. These plans emphasize prevention, responsible biosecurity, and shared risk reduction responsibilities. Additionally, the project facilitated the exchange of information and knowledge on good aquaculture biosecurity and aquatic animal health practices among participating African countries.

Project code	GCP /RNE/012/MUL
Project title	Red palm weevil (RPW) eradication
EOD-NTE	01-Sep-2018 to 30-Apr-2025
Budget	USD 3 100 000
Donor	Multilateral/ UAE/ KSA/ Oman
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1



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The red palm weevil, one of the most destructive pests for date palm trees

Objectives

Support efforts/programmes of countries to contain the spread and eradicate the Red Palm Weevil (RPW) pest. The project aimed to create a framework for cooperation and coordination of efforts at the regional level for supporting the integrated and sustainable management programmes to control the Red Palm Weevil (RPW); and to reduce its devastating effects on the environment and food security, and socio-economic impact on rural communities.

Achievements

The main outcome of the project is the development of a Regional Programme for RPW Management in the NENA region, designed to support member countries in strengthening their national strategies and management programmes for RPW control. As part of this effort, ten FFSs on Red Palm Weevil were established in Egypt, and an innovative technology was developed to control RPW apical infestation. The national IPM strategies were developed based on Results Based Management (RBM) with M&E plans.





Project code	FMM/GLO/131/MUL
Project title	Sustainable, resilient and inclusive food systems development
EOD-NTE	30-Sep-2019 to 31-Dec-2023
Budget	USD 2 560 000
Donor	Multilateral
Government counterpart	NA
Related SDGs	  
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

To support food systems development through coherent policies, strengthened capacities and increased public and private investments in agribusiness development, trade and FLW reduction.

Achievements

More than half of public sector beneficiaries demonstrated improved capacities in trade, FLW reduction, and agribusiness development – far exceeding the 20 percent target. Beneficiaries adopted better FLW reduction practices, including improved handling, fabrication, enhanced packaging and storage technologies, waste utilization such as fish silage production, and circular approaches. Private sector actors strengthened their skills in value chain analysis and in the sustainable use of improved inputs, such as seeds and seedlings in the oil palm sector. Overall, the sub-programme contributed to more than a 25 percent increase in public and private sector investments across the targeted value chains.

Project code	GCP /EGY/030/GFF
Project title	Sustainable management of Kharga Oasis agro-ecosystems in the Egyptian western desert (MSP)
EOD-NTE	01-Nov-2019 - 31-Jul-2023
Budget	USD 1 045 890
Donor	GEF through FAO
Government counterpart	DRC
Related SDGs	   
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	0





Deaf and mute farmer demonstrates to his fellow farmers how to fertilize a date palm seedling

Objectives

The GEF co-financed project aims to improve the quality of life of local communities and smallholders – especially women and disadvantaged groups – in the Kharga Oasis by supporting sustainable food production and diversified livelihoods. It identified, demonstrated, and scaled-up effective sustainable land, water, and agro-biodiversity management practices at three pilot sites (El Moneera, Nasr, and El Thawre) to help maintain and enhance the ecosystem services of the oasis agro-ecosystem.

Achievements

The project significantly strengthened institutional and farmer capacities through extensive training, 105 FFSs, and targeted support for sustainable land and water management across the Kharga Oasis. It improved agro-biodiversity conservation by establishing a seed bank and conserving key crop wild relatives and landraces, while also supporting agri-entrepreneurship through 32 community initiatives, six startups, and new job opportunities – many for women. Additional achievements included establishing a biological control lab, restoring 95 feddans of land, introducing new crops and biological pest control techniques, and assisting women and youth with income generating activities, ultimately enhancing livelihoods and sustainable agricultural practices over more than 4,300 hectares.

Project code	UTF /EGY/032/EGY
Project title	Technical audit of on-farm irrigation development project (OFIDP)
EOD-NTE	15-Nov-2018 to 30-Jun-2019
Budget	USD 218 500
Donor	OPEC Fund
Government counterpart	MWRI, MALR
Related SDGs	 
Gender marker	0
Nutrition marker	0

Objectives

The technical audit increased knowledge regarding the planning, design and implementation of the interventions under the OFIDP, thus assisting the GOE in determining how to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of future similar AWM investments, which will be critical in the development of future investment strategies and policies and will contribute towards more sustainable and successful investments in AWM by the GOE.

Achievements

The project significantly enhanced the effectiveness of infrastructure installed under the OFIDP by identifying and addressing necessary physical and institutional improvements. These efforts strengthened the technical knowledge of policy-makers, decision-makers, and technical experts, enabling them to design and implement marwas in itelics in line with national irrigation modernization plans. Furthermore, the results are expected to support the development of effective policies for irrigation improvement and water resource management, contributing to long-term sustainability in the sector.






Project code	GCP /GLO/925/IFA
Project title	Increasing water productivity for sustainable nutrition-sensitive agriculture production and improved food security
EOD-NTE	06-Feb-2020 to 31-Dec-2023
Budget	USD 2 000 000
Donor	International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD)
Government counterpart	NA
Related SDGs	 
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	2

Objectives

The project broadened the Nutritional Water Productivity approach into a Nutrition-sensitive Agriculture Water Productivity (NsAWP) framework and piloted it in five countries to generate evidence for guiding farmers towards more nutrition sensitive, water efficient practices. It strengthened local and national capacities in sustainable water, soil, and nutrition-focused agriculture, promoted intersectoral coordination through the development of global NsAWP guidelines, and fostered partnerships to improve smallholders' access to profitable markets.

Achievements

Strengthened capacities of smallholder farmers for the adoption of sustainable water management and nutrition-sensitive agriculture practices that eventually increase their productivity (yields), incomes and nutritional outcomes.




Project code	OSRO/EGY/100/USA
Project title	Global Health Security Program (GHSP) for enhancing prevention, detection and response to emerging, re-emerging and endemic zoonoses and AMR threats in Egypt
EOD-NTE	01-Oct-2020 to 30-Sep-2024
Budget	USD 1 640 000
Donor	USAID
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	    
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

The project aimed at improving collaboration among actors/sectors; enhancing knowledge on and/or reducing incidence and spread of emerging and neglected infectious zoonotic diseases; and improving mitigation measures against antimicrobial resistance (AMR) emergence and spread in the livestock sector.

Achievements

The project achieved strong progress in One Health implementation, with the government adopting over 30 percent of recommended policies, including new national strategies for One Health, rabies, and AMR communication. Two multisectoral working groups on rabies and AMR were established, 86 percent of commercial sector vaccinators improved their practices, one third of the developed programmes were institutionalized, and the risk-based surveillance system achieved full coverage of all targeted epidemiological units.

Project code	UNFA/GLO/092/UND
Project title	Support programme on scaling up climate ambition on land use and agriculture through NDCs and NAPs (SCALA)
EOD-NTE	01-Nov-2020 to 30-Sep-2028
Budget	USD 10 892 178
Donor	UND - UNDP Administered Trust Funds
Government counterpart	N/A
Related SDGs	  
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1



Women farmer manually pasteurizing milk at home.









Objectives

The project supports transformative climate action in land use and agriculture by helping countries reduce greenhouse gas emissions, enhance removals, and

strengthen resilience to climate change. Its core objective is to translate NDCs and NAPs into practical, multi stakeholder climate solutions by integrating agriculture and land reclamation priorities into national adaptation planning, mainstreaming agricultural climate action into planning and budgeting processes, and increasing private sector engagement while building national capacities.

Expected outcomes

Agriculture and land reclamation priorities have been integrated into Egypt’s National Adaptation Plans, providing a foundation for guiding climate adaptation investments. The government has identified climate change as a major challenge for the agricultural sector and established a multi year programme to address its impacts, while climate action in agriculture has been further prioritized through the identification of key knowledge gaps, research needs, and opportunities across sub sectors. At the same time, capacity building efforts have begun to encourage private sector investment in climate-smart agriculture, supporting the transition towards more resilient and sustainable food systems.

Project code	UTF /EGY/035/EGY
Project title	Enhancing crop and livestock production and productivity in new lands in Egypt through the adoption of innovative climate-resilient agricultural practices and technologies
EOD-NTE	01-Jan-2021 to 31-Jan-2024
Budget	USD 1 700 000
Donor	Egypt
Government counterpart	Sustainable Agriculture Investments and Livelihoods project (SAIL), MALR
Related SDGs	       
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	0




Farmers harvest wheat crops using techniques they learned at the FFS

Objectives

Improve the impact of FFSs established and implemented across the New Lands, by having smallholder farmers enabled to enhance their incomes, increase profitability and diversify their livelihoods.

Achievements

The project engaged 3 820 small farmers – at least 25 percent of them women – in 179 CSA FFSs for crops and livestock across 30 villages. These FFS were facilitated by 68 trained facilitators and supervised by 26 master trainers, with 248 entities participating in joint implementation activities. In line with FAO guidelines, the FFS established a dedicated monitoring system that measured indicators such as greenhouse gas emissions, water use efficiency, nitrogen use efficiency, and carbon footprint to evaluate the four implemented interventions, with results published in the report “Transformation to low carbon agrifood value chains in Egypt: Lessons from the SAIL project.” Farmers who adopted the new FFS practices achieved notable gains, including more than a 51 percent increase in production and over a 41 percent increase in net income.

Project code	OSRO/EGY/102/CAN
Project title	Improved livelihoods, nutrition and empowerment of rural women & their families affected by COVID-19 crisis in Minya Governorate
EOD-NTE	01-Sep-2021 to 31-Jul-2023
Budget	USD 2 174 100
Donor	The Government of Canada through Global Affairs Canada (GAC)
Government counterpart	MOSS, MALR
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	2
Nutrition marker	1








A young female farmer tending cucumbers in a greenhouse as part of her agribusiness project

Objectives

The project aimed to strengthen the resilience and livelihoods of vulnerable rural women by improving their food security and nutrition through access to CSA and support for establishing horticulture based agrifood enterprises, directly assisting 2 000 women and their households.

Achievements

The project strengthened food security, nutrition, and livelihood resilience for nearly 3 000 rural households in Minya – especially women affected by COVID-19 pandemic – while indirectly benefiting many more. It improved productivity and incomes through CSA, natural resource and post harvest management, supported women-led agrifood enterprises, and provided training through FFS, FBS, and other community platforms. With broad capacity building and engagement in sustainable agriculture, the project significantly enhanced women’s employment, income opportunities, and overall resilience.

Project code	GCP /GLO/220/EC
Project title	Scaling-up the sustainable management of the fall armyworm in Africa, the Near East and Asia
EOD-NTE	20-Jan-2021 to 31-Oct-2024
Budget	USD 4 778 973
Donor	European Union - DCI
Government counterpart	MALR
Related SDGs	    
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	0




Raising awareness on effective management of fall armyworm management

Objectives

The objectives were to sensitize stakeholders and recommend future actions for effective FAW management while validating the FAW action plan for Bangladesh, to provide hands on training that enhances maize farmers' knowledge and skills in managing FAW, and to create awareness and motivate farmers to adopt sustainable FAW management practices.

Achievements

The programme established strong coordination mechanisms at global, regional and national levels to enhance collaboration and knowledge sharing, conducted more than 50 training workshops and FFSs that equipped over 38 000 participants with sustainable FAW management skills, and tested and adapted over 20 integrated pest management solutions suited to local conditions. It also strengthened surveillance by updating the FAW Monitoring and Early Warning System, and expanded the FAW Global Portal while leveraging multiple communication channels – including social media and video content – to widely disseminate essential information on sustainable FAW management.

Project code	GCP /GLO/949/EC	
Project title	Strengthening food control and phytosanitary capacities and governance	
EOD-NTE	01-Jan-2022 to 30-Jun-2025	
Budget	USD 5 000 000	
Donor	European Union-DCI	
Government counterpart		
Related SDGs		
Gender marker	1	
Nutrition marker	1	



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Launch of phytosanitary workshops

Objectives

The project implemented assessments of national food control systems and of phytosanitary systems, raised awareness and trained competent authorities on the use of the FAO/WHO food control system assessment tool and the International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC) Phytosanitary Capacity Evaluation (PCE) tool, and provided improved versions of these tools.

Achievements

The initiative strengthened the shared understanding of internationally recognized methodologies for assessing national food control and phytosanitary systems by maintaining and upgrading the FAO/WHO Food Control System Assessment Tool and promoting the IPPC PCE approach. It carried out comprehensive assessments of eight national food control systems using the FAO/WHO tool and conducted full evaluations of phytosanitary systems in nine countries, supporting evidence based improvements and capacity development across both areas.

Project code	OSRO/GLO/1036/KUW
Project title	Contribution to the programme of the desert locust control commission in the central region (CRC)
EOD-NTE	01-Apr-2022 to 30-Nov-2024
Budget	USD 1 000 000
Donor	Kuwaiti Government/Kuwait Fund for Arab Economic Development (KFAED)
Government counterpart	N/A
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	0
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

The project aimed to improve locust management and more specifically enhance early warning and reaction to appropriate locust monitoring as well as better capacities to respond to locust infestations, with particular attention to human health and environment.

Achievements

The project strengthened food security and protected the livelihoods of pastoral and rural communities by building national institutions' preparedness for emergency response and enhancing technical teams' capacity in early warning, surveillance, reporting and disaster risk reduction. It also reinforced the sustainability of the Preventive Control Strategy and advanced Desert Locust management across Commission for Controlling the Desert Locust (CRC) countries by improving early warning and intervention systems, bolstering locust monitoring, and enhancing rapid response capabilities while maintaining a strong focus on minimizing risks to human health and the environment.

Project code	GCP /EGY/038/NET
Project title	Modernization of Irrigation Techniques to Improve the Livelihoods of Smallholder Farmers in Upper Egypt
EOD-NTE	01-Nov-2022 to 31-Oct-2026
Budget	USD 11 607 920
Donor	Netherlands (Kingdom of the)
Government counterpart	MWRI, MALR, NCW
Related SDGs	       
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives


The project will contribute to improving the livelihoods and resilience of vulnerable rural people of the Upper Egypt Region by increasing agricultural production through the transformation from inefficient conventional irrigation practices to collective farming systems and modern smart irrigation techniques.



Planting sugarcane seedlings.

Expected outcomes

The project will work towards achieving increased crop yields per unit of irrigation water used over time and improved income generation and employment in Assiut, Sohag and Qena Governorates through the promotion of (i) tested and validated land use consolidation (LUC) approaches, modern irrigation technologies and climate-smart water management (CSWM) practices to men and women smallholder farmers affected by increasing water shortages, soil infertility and plant pests and diseases; and (ii) strengthened micro and small agrifood enterprises (MSEs) and enhanced value chains that add value to and market surplus irrigated food production while creating jobs.

Project code	GCP /EGY/039/CAN
Project title	Promoting climate-smart agriculture and Agricultural Biodiversity for Enhancing the Adaptive Capacity of Vulnerable Rural Communities in Old and New Lands of Upper and Lower Egypt
EOD-NTE	14-Feb-2023 to 30-Jun-2027
Budget	USD 7 563 782
Donor	Canada – GAC
Government counterpart	MWRI, MALR, MoE, NCW
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	2
Nutrition marker	1

Objectives

The project supports poor and vulnerable rural communities in Egypt's Old and New Lands to adapt to climate change by promoting nature-based and climate-resilient agricultural practices, ensuring that even landless, unemployed and underemployed rural women and youth are not left behind. Through these inclusive, sustainable approaches, the project helps reduce climate induced food insecurity and improve rural livelihoods.


Expected outcomes

The project will work towards directly sustainably increasing the adaptive capacity of vulnerable men and women smallholder farmers to climate change risks and impacts in the Old and New Lands of Aswan, Beheira and Kafr El Sheikh Governorates through the adoption of nature-based and gender-responsive innovative and improved CSA and Bio-energy/Soil and Health Improvement (BE/SHI) technologies and practices.



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Intercropping as a climate-smart agricultural practices to increase productivity

Project code	OSRO/EGY/041/JPN
Project title	The project for enhancement of agricultural productivity
EOD-NTE	01-Apr-2023 to 31-Mar-2025
Budget	USD 3 750 000
Donor	Government of Japan
Government counterpart	MWRI, MALR
Related SDGs	
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1



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Figure 3Solar powered irrigation system.

Objectives

The project aimed to improve smallholder farmers' water-use efficiency by at least 20 percent, increase crop yields by 10–20 percent, and raise household incomes by a minimum of 20 percent after two cropping seasons.

Achievements

The project significantly strengthened climate-smart agriculture among smallholder farmers by increasing water use efficiency by 20 percent, raising crop yields by 10–20 percent, and boosting average household incomes by a similar margin over two cropping seasons. It introduced modern, solar-powered drip and sprinkler irrigation systems, promoted CSWM and GAPs, and trained 300 farmers in these methods as well as in agribusiness and post harvest management, leading to the establishment of innovative enterprises, including two female led startups. Demonstration sites helped drive a 70 percent adoption rate, while reduced use of fertilizers and chemicals improved soil health and sustainable practices enhanced biodiversity in the target areas.

Project code	GCP /EGY/040/ITA
Project title	Tackling climate change through sustainable livestock management
EOD-NTE	05-Oct-2023 to 30-Sep-2027
Budget	USD 4 201 979
Donor	Italy
Government counterpart	MoHP, WHO
Related SDGs	   
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1





Objectives

The general objective of the project is reduced contribution and enhanced resilience of livestock system to climate change (GHG emission) and AMR emergence to ensure an effective, resilient, sustainable and safe agrifood system.

Expected outcomes

The project is expected to achieve improved adoption of AMR mitigation measures and enhanced livestock productivity; increased recycling of energy from animal waste by implementing AMR awareness and surveillance programmes, promoting climate-smart livestock production practices, strengthening animal health service delivery and disease control efforts, and piloting and scaling the production of green energy from animal waste.

Project code	GCP /EGY/044/NOR
Project title	Improved Socio-economic Status, Food Security & Empowerment of Vulnerable Rural Communities in Minya
EOD-NTE	01-Dec-2023 to 30-Nov-2026
Budget	USD 2 970 297
Donor	Norway
Government counterpart	MOSS
Related SDGs	 
Gender marker	2
Nutrition marker	2






A Farmer Field School on cabbage cultivation

Objectives

The project will contribute to reduced poverty, improved food security and nutrition and resilient livelihoods for vulnerable rural communities and building back a more sustainable climate-resilient food system. This to ensure that no one relying on agricultural production for their wellbeing is left behind.

Expected outcomes

The project aims to improve incomes, employment opportunities, and nutritional status among vulnerable rural households in targeted communities across ten selected Hayah Karima villages in Minya Governorate. It is expected to generate approximately 2 000 full-time direct jobs and self-employment opportunities, along with an additional 2 000 indirect, seasonal, or part time jobs for vulnerable women, youth, persons with special needs, and men.

Project code	UNJP/EGY/046/EC
Project title	European Union for Hayah Karima - EU support to Rural Development, Climate Change Resilience and Nutrition
EOD-NTE	01-Jan-2025 to 31-Dec-2028
Budget	USD 5 212 708
Donor	European Union / World Food Programme (WFP) Administered Trust Fund
Government counterpart	MoLD
Related SDGs	  
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	1



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Machine shredding corn waste

Objectives

The overall objective of this project is to improve the well-being of rural households and communities through a comprehensive package of interventions, under the overall framework of Hayah Karima national initiative.

Expected results

The EU-funded – European Union for *Hayah Karima* programme supports Egypt’s Presidential Initiative “*Hayah Karima (Decent Life)*” by improving agricultural infrastructure, essential services, and sustainable livelihoods for rural communities. Implemented by FAO and WFP over three years in up to 120 Upper Egypt villages, the programme focuses on transforming food systems, strengthening human capital, mitigating inflation impacts, and promoting gender equality. FAO will enhance agricultural supply chains and reduce food losses by improving post-harvest management, adding value to crops, transforming agricultural waste into economic products, and strengthening food safety and waste management practices across value chains.

Project code	GCP /EGY/047/PAF
Project title	Egypt’s Resilience to Pandemics
EOD-NTE	13-Jan-2025 to 31-Dec-2027
Budget	USD 6 793 450
Donor	The Pandemic Fund
Government counterpart	MoHP, WHO
Related SDGs	  
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	0



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Workshop on AMR

Objectives

Enhanced capacity for detecting, reporting, and responding to pandemics.

Expected outcomes

Enhanced climate resilience and efficiency of natural resources for rural people in a sustainable environment as well as improved sharing of epidemiological and laboratory information within and across sectors to anticipate, prevent, detect and respond to animal and zoonotic diseases outbreak and AMR.

Project code	UNJP/EGY/048/UNJ
Project title	Strengthening Sustainable and Resilient Food and Nutrition Systems in Egypt for SDG Acceleration
EOD-NTE	28-Mar-2025 to 28-Mar-2026
Budget	USD 83 333
Donor	UNDP Administered Donor Joint Trust Fund Joint SDG Fund (00141096)
Government counterpart	MALR, MoE
Related SDGs	 
Gender marker	1
Nutrition marker	2

Objectives

The joint project focuses on 3 main outputs: 1) capacity of government institutions strengthened to develop, implement, and monitor food system strategies and national pathways; 2) strategies, plans and /or monitoring frameworks developed, enhanced /costed in selected food system pathways; 3) increased availability of evidence to inform food system related decision-making; raising public awareness and building broader consistencies for food system transformation.

Expected outcomes

FAO is expected to build the institutional capacity of smallholder farmers to implement food and nutrition security initiatives aligned with Egypt's national pathway and the SDGs. This includes reducing food loss and waste and increasing access to healthier, more nutritious dietary choices.



ANNEX

**Summary table of FAO
Egypt field programme
from 2017 to 2025**

ANNEX

Project title

- Investment forum and capacity building for the promotion of agricultural investment in Egypt
- Support sustainable water management and irrigation modernization for newly reclaimed areas
- Support to the agriculture census in Egypt (2019–2020)
- Updating the sustainable agricultural development strategy 2030 and preparing a medium-term plan of action
- Formulation support for small-scale dairy farming development in the Arab Republic of Egypt
- Strengthening national capacities to prevent the spread of fall armyworm in Egypt
- Enhancing biosecurity governance to support sustainable aquaculture production in Egypt
- Developing capacity and innovative solutions for solar-powered irrigation in Egypt
- Emergency response to enhance the national capacity of Egypt for early warning, monitoring and management of fall armyworm
- Awareness campaign on COVID-19 pandemic in relation to food & agriculture
- A mobile application for food safety in the time of COVID-19 pandemic
- Assessing the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on the food systems and food security in Egypt
- Building capacity of MOSS support beneficiaries in the targeted Governorates through stimulating agriculture and the agro-food value chain
- Supporting the design of on-farm irrigation modernization plan in Egypt
- Promoting agriculture commodity-based investment in Egypt
- Support the formulation of innovative solutions for climate change adaptation within the framework of Hayat Karima (decent life) initiative.
- Application of rural development innovative solutions in Beheira Governorate (Wadi El Natroun)

Project code	Budget (USD)
TCP/EGY/3605	419 000
TCP/EGY/3604	400 000
TCP/EGY/3702	50 000
TCP/EGY/3701	350 000
TCP/EGY/3703	10 000
TCP/EGY/3704	35 000
TCP/EGY/3705	500 000
TCP/EGY/3707	350 000
TCP/EGY/3706	350 000
TCP/EGY/3801	32 000
TCP/EGY/3803	32 000
TCP/EGY/3802	46 000
TCP/EGY/3804	208 000
TCP/EGY/3708	100 000
TCP/EGY/3709	115 000
TCP/EGY/3710	75 000
TCP/EGY/3711	60 000

Project title

Propagation and promotion of local seeds and hybrids in Egypt

Improving productivity and reducing poverty of small-scale milk and dairy producers in rural villages in Beheira and Minya

Support for agrifood sectors in the Near East and North Africa to engage in UN-FCCC COP27

Climate change priorities in agriculture and food sector at the national and local levels strengthened

Support production of cocoon/silk yarn in the New Valley Governorate (Elkharga & Eldakhla) to promote youth and women economic empowerment

Formulation of a full-fledged project for AF – “innovations in irrigation, agriculture, and livelihood activities”

Promotion of sustainable livelihoods and territorial development in South Sinai, Egypt

Support for the establishment of model guide fields in sugarcane growing areas in Upper Egypt

Support the development of food security and natural resources management trust-funded projects

Empowering youth for agrifood systems transformation

Support the food secure village in Farafra Oasis, Egypt

Support the capacity building, dissemination and launch of the mobile application “your opportunity in your village” in support of rural agri-business development in Egypt

Emergency response to the desert locust outbreak in Egypt

TCPf: Technical support to build skilled professionals for the Egyptian date palm sector

Support the adoption of FFS approach in the agricultural extension services in Egypt

Support the launch and globalization of the flowers fair in Egypt

Master plan for agriculture and rural development in South Sinai Governorate

Project code	Budget (USD)
TCP/EGY/3807	200 000
TCP/EGY/3805	200 000
TCP/RAB/3806	350 000
TCP/EGY/3808	100 000
TCP/EGY/3809	100 000
TCP/EGY/3901	90 000
TCP/EGY/3903	250 000
TCP/EGY/3902	350 000
TCP/EGY/3904	69 000
TCP/EGY/3905	95 000
TCP/EGY/3907	146 000
TCP/EGY/3906	24 000
TCP/EGY/4001	500 000
TCP/EGY/4002	100 000
TCP/EGY/4003	350 000
TCP/EGY/4004	100 000
TCP/EGY/4005	120 000

Project title

Strategic framework for the development of the olive value chain in Egypt

Support to Egypt-Africa south-south cooperation

African sustainable livestock 2050 (ASL 2050)

Food losses and waste reduction and value chain development for food security in Egypt and Tunisia

Technical audit of farm-level irrigation modernization project (FIMP) in Egypt

Water harvesting and good agriculture practices for improved livelihood and increased and sustained production in Matrouh rain-fed agricultural areas

Good agricultural practices (GAPs) for sustainable improvement of quality and quantity of horticultural production of small-scale farmers in Fayoum

Sustainable management of kharga oasis agro-ecosystems in the Egyptian western desert

Enhancing capacity/risk reduction of emerging Tilapia Lake Virus (TiLV) to African tilapia aquaculture

Red palm weevil (RPW) eradication

Sustainable, resilient and inclusive food systems development

Sustainable management of Kharga Oasis agro-ecosystems in the Egyptian western desert (MSP)

Technical audit of on-farm irrigation development project (OFIDP)

Increasing water productivity for sustainable nutrition-sensitive agriculture production and improved food security

Global Health Security Program (GHSP) for enhancing prevention, detection and response to emerging, re-emerging and endemic zoonoses and AMR threats in Egypt

Support programme on scaling up climate ambition on land use and agriculture through ndcs and naps (SCALA)

Enhancing crop and livestock production and productivity in new lands in Egypt through the adoption of innovative climate-resilient agricultural practices and technologies

Project code	Budget (USD)
TCP/EGY/4006	120 000
TCP/EGY/3908	70 000
OSRO/GLO/602/USA	6 969 999
GCP /RNE/004/ITA	2 300 000
UTF /EGY/025/EGY	299 926
GCP /EGY/026/EC	989 133
GCP /EGY/027/EC	747 050
GCP /EGY/031/GEF	50 000
GCP /RAF/510/MUL	779 450
GCP /RNE/012/MUL	3 100 000
FMM/GLO/131/MUL	2 560 000
GCP /EGY/030/GFF	1 045 890
UTF /EGY/032/EGY	218 500
GCP /GLO/925/IFA	2 000 000
OSRO/EGY/100/USA	1 640 000
UNFA/GLO/092/UND	10 892 178
UTF /EGY/035/EGY	1 700 000

Project title

Improved livelihoods, nutrition and empowerment of rural women & their families affected by COVID-19 crisis in Minya Governorate

Scaling-up the sustainable management of the fall armyworm in Africa, the Near East and Asia

Strengthening food control and phytosanitary capacities and governance

Contribution to the programme of the desert locust control commission in the central region (CRC)

Modernization of irrigation techniques to improve the livelihoods of smallholder farmers in Upper Egypt

Global Health Security (GHS) project - Middle East and North Africa (MENA) region

Promoting climate-smart agriculture and agricultural biodiversity for enhancing the adaptive capacity of vulnerable rural communities in old and new lands of Upper and Lower Egypt

The project for enhancement of agricultural productivity

Tackling climate change through sustainable livestock management

Improved socio-economic status, food security & empowerment of vulnerable rural communities in Minya

European Union for Hayah Karima - EU support to rural development, climate change resilience and nutrition

Egypt's resilience to pandemics

Strengthening sustainable and resilient food and nutrition systems in Egypt for SDG acceleration

Project code	Budget (USD)
OSRO/EGY/102/CAN	2 174 100
GCP /GLO/220/EC	4 778 973
GCP /GLO/949/EC	5 000 000
OSRO/GLO/1036/KUW	1 000 000
GCP /EGY/038/NET	11 607 920
OSRO/EGY/042/USA	281 283
GCP /EGY/039/CAN	7 563 782
OSRO/EGY/041/JPN	3 750 000
GCP /EGY/040/ITA	4 201 979
GCP /EGY/044/NOR	2 970 297
UNJP/EGY/046/EC	5 212 708
GCP /EGY/047/PAF	6 793 450
UNJP/EGY/048/UNJ	83 333

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